



Pennsylvania Conference of Teamsters

Strength in Numbers 95,000

William Hamilton, President & Eastern PA Legislative Coordinator – Joseph Molinero, Sec.-Treasurer & Western PA Legislative Coordinator – Tim O'Neill, Consultant – Dan Grace, Trustee & Legislative Advisor – Robert Baptiste, Esq. Legal Advisor

LEGISLATIVE ACTION ALERT

GOP Obamacare repeal bill fails


The final vote was 49-51, with John McCain, Lisa Murkowski and Susan Collins helping Democrats kill the bill

The [Congressional Budget Office](#) (CBO) has estimated that repeal of the individual mandate would result in 15 million fewer Americans having health insurance a decade from now. By 2026, about 15 percent of the nonelderly population, or 43 million Americans, would be uninsured.

Mandate repeal would affect the individual market enrollment in two ways. First, in the absence of a mandate, some younger and healthier individuals may decide to forgo individual market coverage. This phenomenon, known as adverse selection, would cause the average cost among enrollees remaining in the individual market to rise. In turn, issuers would need to raise rates. The CBO projects that premiums in the individual market would increase by “roughly 20 percent relative to premiums under current law.” Second, because these higher premium levels would not be affordable to some enrollees, more people would be forced to drop their coverage and become uninsured. The Center for American Progress estimates that a 20 percent increase in individual market premiums next year would mean that the average premium in insurance marketplace would be about \$1,238 higher than it would otherwise be under current law.

SOME OF THE PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS THAT MAY NOT HAVE BEEN COVERED UNDER THE GOP'S SKINNY BILL

Acne	Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	Myasthenia Gravis
Acromegaly	Cirrhosis of the Liver	Obesity
AIDS or ARC	Coagulation Defects	Organ transplants
Alzheimer's Disease	Congestive Heart Failure	Paraplegia
Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis	Cystic Fibrosis	Parkinson's Disease
Anemia (Aplastic, Cooley's, Hemolytic, Mediterranean or Sickle Cell)	Demyelinating Disease	Polycythemia Vera
Anxiety	Depression	Pregnancy
Aortic or Mitral Valve Stenosis	Dermatomyositis	Psoriatic Arthritis
Arteriosclerosis	Diabetes	Pulmonary Fibrosis
Arteritis	Dialysis	Renal Failure
Asbestosis	Esophageal Varicosities	Sarcoidosis
Asthma	Friedreich's Ataxia	Scleroderma
Bipolar disease	Hepatitis (Type B, C or Chronic)	Sex reassignment
Cancer	Menstrual irregularities	Sjogren's Syndrome
Cardiomyopathy	Multiple Sclerosis	Sleep apnea
Cerebral Palsy (infantile)	Muscular Dystrophy	Transsexualism
		Tuberculosis

 Source: CNN